Date 1 MAY		Watch time	05 52
Approximate Latitude:	51° N	Correction	
DR Long 20° W		GMT	05 52
GHA 🍸 (hrs)	293 50.0		
+ Increment (mins/secs)	13 02		
бна ♈	306 52		
DR Long (approx)	19 52		
LHA Y	287		
		1	
	Hs	51 21.6	
	Index error	+2.8	
	Dip	-3.8	
	Apparent Alt	51 20.6	
	Star Correction	-0.8	
	Но	51 19.8	
+ a(· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1 13.3	
+ a	(Lat 51° <i>N</i>)	0.6	
+ 42	(month MAY)	0.4	
	Sum	52 34.1	
	-1 ⁰	-1	
	LATITUDE	51° 34'.1 N	

Visit www.fernhurstbooks.com/other-resources/celestial-navigation-calculation-sheets/ to download blank calculation forms.

tables for Polaris immediately before the 'minutes and seconds' increment pages at the back of the almanac (see page 59). The page is divided into three sections, each dealing with a correction factor. These are called a_0 , a_1 , and a_2 .

For a_0 , enter the table with your LHA Aries. For a_1 , enter with your approximate latitude.

For a₂ you simply need to know what month it is.

The only work required here is to determine the LHA of Aries for your approximate position at the time of the sight – to the nearest minute of time is fine.

In order to keep the arithmetic simple, each of these corrections is made positive. After they have all been added, however, one degree must be subtracted from the final result to produce a latitude. The pro forma puts all this down in step-by-step form and should remove any doubts you may have about it.

Example

1st May. DR 51°N 20°W. Polaris is observed during morning twilight at 0552 GMT. Sextant altitude is 51°21′.6. Height of eye is 15 feet and index error is 2.8 off the arc. What is your latitude?